The Maritime Freight Rates Act (17 Geo. V, c. 44), effective July 1, 1927, ordered that the accounts of the Canadian National lines east of Lévis and Diamond Junction, Quebec, be kept separate from those of the remainder of the Canadian National system. These lines were designated the "Eastern Lines" of the Canadian National Railways. The Act ordered that specified freight rates on the Eastern Lines be reduced by 20 p.c. Other railways were allowed to make similar reductions in their freight rates in that territory and to bill on the Board of Railway Commissioners of Canada for the difference in freight receipts due to such reductions. The differences between the reduced rates and the normal rates are treated as revenues by the Canadian National Railways and paid by the Dominion Government. The totals paid to all railways under the Act were \$1,353,464, \$2,758,893, \$3,092,677, \$3,615,218, \$2,554,673, \$1,922,073, \$1,989,130, \$2,529,394, and \$2,348,399, respectively, for the years 1927-35.

For operation, the Canadian National Railways system is divided into five divisions: the Atlantic Division, including all lines east of Rivière du Loup and Monk, Quebec, 3,331 miles; the Central Division, west from these stations to Port Arthur and Armstrong and south to Portland, Maine, 7,507 miles; the Western Division, all lines west of Port Arthur and Armstrong including the line to Duluth, 11,385 miles; the Grand Trunk Western, all lines in Michigan, Indiana and Illinois, 1,007 miles; and the Central Vermont from Iberville, Quebec, to New London, Connecticut, 455 miles.

The Quebec Bridge across the St. Lawrence above Quebec city, with a main span of 1,800 ft., carrying a single track railway and accommodation for motor and pedestrian traffic, forms a connecting link in the Canadian National Railways system and is operated as a part of it.

Table 20 shows some of the more important train traffic statistics of Canadian National Railways operation for the years 1934 and 1935.

20.—Canadian National Railways (Canadian and U.S. Lines) Train Traffic Statistics, for the calendar years 1934 and 1935.1

Item.	1934.	1935.
Train Mileage —		
Passenger trains Freight trains Mixed trains Special trains Unit cars	16,027,908 21,466,660 4,176,424 25,461 1,497,301	16, 169, 664 22, 271, 773 4, 198, 572 27, 176 1, 584, 568
Totals, Train Miles²	43,193,754	44,251,753
Car Mileage		
Passenger-	200700000000000000000000000000000000000	
Coaches, parlour, sleeping and dining cars Baggage, mail, express, etc	85,990,655 47,450,926	87,149,393 48,619,941
Totals, Passenger Train Car Miles <sup>2</sup>	133,441,581	135,769,334
Freight—		
Loaded freight-car miles.  Empty freight-car miles.  Caboose miles.	598,030,613 297,329,663 24,021,669	630,951,060 292,163,484 25,105,630
Totals, Freight Train Car Miles2	919,381,945	948,220,174

<sup>«</sup> Excludes electric lines.

<sup>2</sup> Work service excluded.